

MINSTER PARISH COUNCIL

COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

REVIEWED DECEMBER 2025

PREAMBLE

A good complaints system is:

- Well publicised and easy to use
- Helpful and receptive
- Not adversarial
- Fair and objective
- Based on clear procedures and defined responsibilities
- Quick, thorough, rigorous and consistent
- Decisive and capable of putting things right where necessary
- Sensitive to the special needs and circumstances of the complainant
- Adequately resourced
- Fully supported by councillors and officers and
- Regularly analysed to spot patterns of complaint and lessons for service improvement

PROCEDURE

Before the Meeting

- 1 The complainant should be asked to put the complaint about the council's procedures or administration in writing to the Clerk.
- 2 If the complainant does not wish to put the complaint to the Clerk, he or she should be advised to address it to the Chairman of the Council.
- 3 The Clerk shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint and advise the complainant when the matter will be considered by the council or by the committee established for the purposes of hearing complaints. The complainant should also be advised whether the complaint will be treated as confidential or whether, for example, notice of it will be given in the usual way (if for example, the complaint is to be heard by a committee).
- 4 The complainant shall be invited to attend a meeting and to bring with them a representative if they wish.
- 5 Seven clear working days prior to the meeting, the complainant shall provide the council with copies of any documentation or other evidence relied upon.

The Council shall provide the complainant with copies of any documentation upon which they wish to rely at the meeting and shall do so promptly, allowing the complainant the opportunity to read the material in good time for the meeting.

At the meeting

- 6 The Council shall consider whether the circumstances of the meeting warrant the exclusion of the public and press. Any decision on a complaint shall be announced at the council meeting in public.
- 7 The Chairman should introduce everyone and explain the procedure.
- 8 The complainant (or representative) should outline the grounds for complaint and, thereafter, questions may be asked by (i) the Clerk and then (ii) members
- 9 The Clerk will have an opportunity to explain the council's position and questions may be asked by (i) the complainant and (ii) members.
- 10 The Clerk and then the complainant should be offered the opportunity to summarise their position.
- 11 The Clerk and the complainant should be asked to leave the room while members decide whether or not the grounds for the complaint have been made. If a point of clarification is necessary both parties shall be invited back.
- 12 The Clerk and the complainant should be given the opportunity to wait for the decision but if the decision is unlikely to be finalised on that day they should be advised when the decision is likely to be made and when it is likely to be communicated to them.

After the meeting

- 13 The decision should be confirmed in writing within seven working days together with details of any action to be taken.
- 14 If either party contests the decision, an appeal committee should be convened with an independent chair and committee members.
- 15 Full Council are notified of the result at the next meeting.